



Heating actuator 6-gang Art. No.: 2336REGHZHE

Heating actuator 6-gang with controller

Art. No.: 2336REGHZRHE

### **Operating instructions**

## 1 Safety instructions

Electrical equipment may only be installed and fitted by electrically skilled persons.

Serious injuries, fire or property damage possible. Please read and follow manual fully.

Danger of electric shock. Always disconnect before carrying out work on the devise or load. In so doing, take all the circuit breakers into account, which support dangerous voltages to the device and or load.

Danger of electric shock. Device is not suitable for disconnection from supply voltage. The load is not electrically isolated from the mains even when the device is switched off.

These instructions are an integral part of the product, and must remain with the end customer.

## 2 Device components

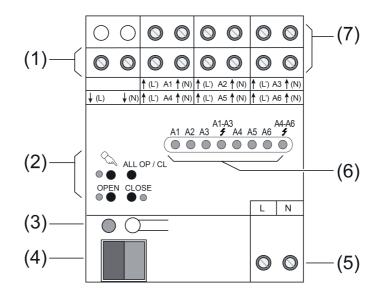


Figure 1: Front view

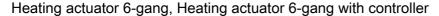
- (1) Supply of electrothermal valve drives
- (2) Button field for manual operation
- (3) Programming button and LEDs
- (4) KNX connection
- (5) Connection for mains supply
- (6) Status LEDs for outputs
- (7) Connection of electrothermal actuators

## 3 Function

#### System information

This device is a product of the KNX system and complies with the KNX directives. Detailed technical knowledge obtained in KNX training courses is a prerequisite to proper understanding.







The function of this device depends upon the software. Detailed information on loadable software and attainable functionality as well as the software itself can be obtained from the manufacturer's product database. Planning, installation and commissioning of the device are carried out with the aid of KNX-certified software. The latest versions of product database and the technical descriptions are available on our website.

#### Intended use

- Switching of electrothermal actuators for heaters or cooling ceilings
- Installation in distribution boxes on DIN rail according to EN 60715

#### **Product characteristics**

- Switching operation or PWM operation
- Actuators with characteristics opened or closed without power controllable
- Valve drives 230 V or 24 V controllable
- Outputs can be operated manually, construction site mode
- Feedback in manual mode and in bus mode
- Disabling of individual outputs manually or by bus
- Overload-protected, short circuit-protected, error message with LED
- Protection against jamming valves
- Forced position
- Various setpoints for forced position or emergency operation in case of bus failure for summer or winter
- Cyclical monitoring of the input signals can be parameterized
- Feedback via bus, e.g. in case of mains failure, overload or sensor failure
- Bus connection with standard bus connecting terminal
- i PWM operation: electrothermal actuators only have the positions "open" and "closed". In PWM operation, switch-on and switch-off during the drive's cycle time achieves an almost constant behaviour.

## Only heating actuators with controllers:

- Integrated room temperature control with setpoint value specification
- Six independent controllers to control up to six independent rooms
- Controller function for heating and cooling operation

#### Overload protection

In order to protect the device and connected actuators, in case of overload the device determines which output is involved and switches it off. Non-overloaded outputs continue to work, which means that the rooms in question are still heated.

- In case of major overloads the actuator initially switches all off the outputs **A1...A6** off.
- In the case of more minor overloads the actuators switches output groups **A1...A3** and/or **A4...A6** off.
- The actuator determines the overloaded output in up to 4 test cycles.
- If in the event of only a minor overload it is not possible to unambiguously identify any output as overloaded, then the actuator switches individual outputs off one after the other.
- The overload can be reported to the bus for each output.

#### LED display:

- Overload LED flashes slowly: Test cycle active.
- Overload LED flashes quickly: Test cycle completed.





## 4 Operation

### **Operating elements**

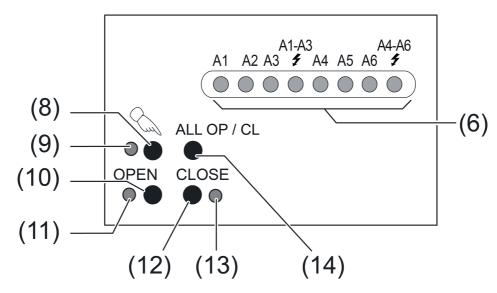


Figure 2: Operating elements – Overview

- (6) A1...A6: Status LEDs for outputs \$1-3, \$4-6: Display "Overload/short-circuit" for output group
- (8) Button <a> ← Manual operation</a>
- (9) LED <sup>♠</sup> On: Continuous manual mode active
- (10) **OPEN** button Open valve
- (11) LED **OPEN** On: Valve opened, manual operation
- (12) CLOSE button Close valve
- (13) LED **CLOSE** On: Valve closed, manual operation
- (14) **ALL OP / CL** button Central operating function for all outputs: Open and close all valve alternatively

#### Status display and output behaviour

The Status LEDs **A1...A6** (6) show whether the current flow is switched on or switched off at the appropriate output. The connected heating or cooling valves open and close according to their characteristics.

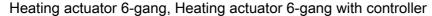
Valve drive	LED on	LED off
Deenergised closed	Heating/cooling Valve opened	Off Valve closed
Deenergised opened	Off Valve closed	Heating/cooling Valve opened

- LED flashes slowly: Output in manual mode
- LED flashes quickly: Output disabled via continuous manual mode

### **Operating modes**

- Bus operation: Operation via push-button sensors or other bus devices
- Short-term manual operation: Manual operation locally with button field, automatic return to bus operation.
- Continuous manual mode: Exclusively manual operation on the device
- i No bus operation is possible in manual mode.
- i No manual mode is possible in case of bus failure.
- i The behaviour after bus failure and return can be set.







i The manual mode can be disabled in ongoing operation via a bus telegram.

#### Switching on the temporary manual control

Operation using the button field is programmed and not disabled.

- Press the \( \square \) button briefly.
  - Status-LED A1 flashes, LED \( \sqrt{remains off.} \)
- i After 5 seconds without a button actuation, the actuator returns automatically to bus operation.

## Switching off temporary manual operation

The device is in short-term manual mode.

- No button-press for 5 seconds.
  - or -
- Press \( \sqrt{\text{\tin}\text{\tetx{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\texit{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\text{\tex{\texi}\text{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\tet
  - LEDs **A1...** no longer flash, but rather indicate the output status.

### Switching on permanent manual control

Operation using the button field is programmed and not disabled.

■ Press the \alpha button for at least 5 seconds.

LED ⟨ is illuminated, status LED **A1** flashes, continuous manual mode is switched on.

## Switching off permanent manual control

The device is in continuous manual mode.

■ Press the \alpha button for at least 5 seconds.

LED *⟨* is off, bus operation is switched on.

### Operating the outputs

In manual operation the outputs can be operated instantly.

The device is in continuous or short-term manual mode.

■ Press \( \sigma\) button briefly, < 1 s, as many times as necessary until the desired output is selected.</p>

The LED of the selected output A1...A6 flashes.

The LEDs **OPEN** and **CLOSE** indicate the status.

Press OPEN button.

Valve opens.

Press CLOSE button.

Valve closes.

The LEDs **OPEN** and **CLOSE** display the valve stats.

i Short-term manual operation: After running through all of the outputs the device exits manual mode after another brief press.

## Operate all outputs simultaneously

The device is in continuous manual mode.

■ Press the ALL OP / CL button.

All the valves open and close alternately.

#### Disabling individual outputs

The device is in continuous manual mode.

- Press the \( \) button briefly as many times as necessary until the desired output is selected. The status LED of the selected output **A1...** flashes.
- Press buttons OPEN and CLOSE simultaneously for at least 5 seconds.





Selected output is disabled.

The status LED of the blocked output **A1...** flashes quickly.

- Activate bus mode (see section Deactivating permanent manual control).
- i A disabled output can be operated in manual mode.

#### Re-enabling outputs

The device is in continuous manual mode.

- Press \( \) button briefly as many times as necessary until the desired output is selected.
- Press buttons OPEN and CLOSE simultaneously for at least 5 seconds.
   Selected output is enabled.
  - The LED of the enabled output flashes slowly.
- Activate bus mode (see section Deactivating permanent manual control).

## 5 Information for electrically skilled persons

## 5.1 Fitting and electrical connection



#### **DANGER!**

Electrical shock when live parts are touched.

Electrical shocks can be fatal.

Before carrying out work on the device or load, disengage all the corresponding circuit breakers. Cover up live parts in the working environment.

#### Fitting the device

Observe the temperature range. Ensure adequate cooling.

Mount device on DIN rail. Output terminals must be at the top.

#### Connecting the device

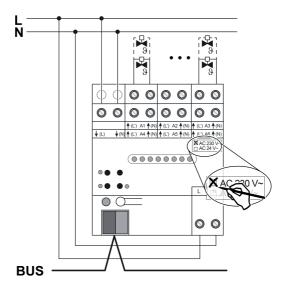


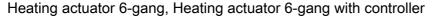
Figure 3: Connection of actuators 230 V

Connect valve drives of AC 230 V or AC 24 V to all the outputs.

Only connect valve drives with the same characteristics to each output (deenergised closed/opened).

Do not connect any other loads.







Connect actuators for frost-sensitive rooms to outputs **A1** and **A4**. These are switched off last in the event of overload.

Do not exceed maximum number of actuators per output (see "Technical data").

Observe the technical data of the valve drives used.

Do not connect the neutral conductor from the output terminals through to additional devices.

- Connect the AC 230 V valve drives according to the connection diagram (figure 3).
- Connect the AC 24 V valve drives according to the connection diagram (figure 4).
- Connect the supply for the valve drives to the terminals  $\downarrow$ (L) and  $\downarrow$ (N) (1).
- Connecting the mains voltage to the terminals (5).
- Connect bus line with connecting terminal.
- i The device can draw its power either only from the bus voltage or only from the mains voltage.

Only bus supply: The settings for the behaviour on bus failure have no effect. The outputs switch to the deenergised state.

Only mains supply: Operation of the outputs with the button field or emergency operation according to the programming is possible.

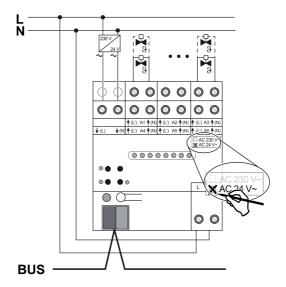


Figure 4: Connection of actuators 24 V

#### Installing the cover

It is necessary to install a cover to protect the bus connection against hazardous voltages in the connection area.





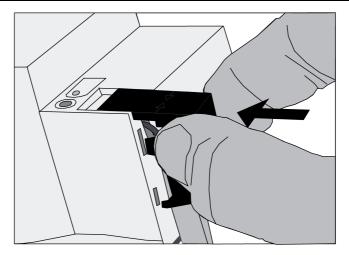


Figure 5: Installing the cover

- Route the bus line towards the rear.
- Install cover on top of the bus terminal so that it snaps into place (figure 5).

## Removing the cover

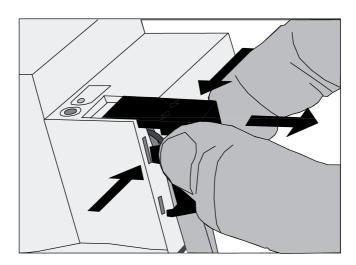


Figure 6: Removing the cover

Press the cover to the side and pull it off (figure 6).

# **5.2 Commissioning**

## Load the address and the application software

- Switch on the bus voltage.
- Press the programming button.
- Load the physical address into the device.
- Load the application software into the device.
- Note the physical address on the device label.

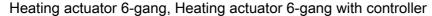
# **6 Appendix**

## 6.1 Technical data

Supply Rated voltage

AC 110 ... 230 V ~







Mains frequency 50 / 60 Hz Standby power max. 0.4 W Power loss max. 1 W

KNX

KNX medium

Commissioning mode

Rated voltage KNX

TP

S-mode

DC 21 ... 32 V SELV

Power consumption KNX max. 250 mW

Ambient conditions

Ambient temperature -5 ... +45 °C Storage/transport temperature -25 ... +70 °C

Heating outputs

Contact type Semi-conductor (Triac),  $\epsilon$  Switching voltage AC 24 / 230 V ~ Mains frequency 50 / 60 Hz

Switching current 5 ... 160 mA
Switch-on current max. 1.5 A (2 sec)
Switch-on current max. 0.3 A (2 min)

Number of drives per output

230 V drives max. 4 24 V drives max. 2

Housing

Fitting width 72 mm / 4 modules

Connection of outputs

Connection modeScrew terminalsingle stranded0.5 ... 4 mm²Finely stranded without conductor sleeve0.5 ... 4 mm²Finely stranded with conductor sleeve0.5 ... 2.5 mm²

## 6.2 Troubleshooting

#### Actuators of an output or all outputs do not switch

Cause: An output is overloaded.

Determine cause of the overload switch-off. Eliminate short-circuits, replace defective actuators. Check number of actuators connected to the output, reduce if necessary. Do not exceed max. switching current.

Reset overload switch-off: disconnect device from mains completely for approx. 5 seconds, switch off miniature circuit-breaker. Then switch on again.

- i In case of overload, initially one or both output groups switch off for approx. 6 minutes. After that the devices determines which output is overloaded and switches it off permanently. This rest and test phase lasts 6...20 minutes.
- After resetting of the overload switch-off it is no longer possible for the device to determine which output is overloaded. If the cause is not eliminated, overload switch-off will occur again.

# 6.3 Warranty

The warranty follows about the specialty store in between the legal framework as provided for by law.

## **ALBRECHT JUNG GMBH & CO. KG**

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